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Permit Fact Sheet

1 General Information

Permit Number:	WI-0031402-05-0				
Permittee Name:	WI DELLS-LAKE DEI	LTON SEWERAGE COMMISSION			
Address:	PO Box 87				
G: 10 + 17:	L 1 D 1 NH 52040				
City/State/Zip:	Lake Delton WI 53940				
Discharge Location:	8 South Bowman Road,	Wisconsin Dells, WI (SWQ NEQ Section 15, T14N-R6E)			
Receiving Water:	Wisconsin River (Duck Creek Watershed, LW25 – Lower Wisconsin River Basin) in Columbia County				
StreamFlow (Q _{7,10}):	1790 cfs				
Stream	WWSF				
Classification:					
Design Flow(s)	Daily Maximum	4.87 mgd			
	Weekly Maximum	NA			
	Monthly Maximum	NA			
	Annual Average	2.83 mgd			
Significant Industrial Loading?	None.				
Operator at Proper Grade?	No. Must pass Advance	ed Activated Sludge and Advanced Phosphorus tests.			
Pretreatment Program Approval Date:	NA				

2 Facility Description

The Wisconsin Dells-Lake Delton Sewerage Commission operates a secondary WWTP with phosphorus removal providing treatment for a combination of domestic and recreational wastewater. Treatment units include: influent monitoring and screening, aerated grit removal, 3 ring oxidation ditch secondary treatment and biological phosphorus removal, polishing chemical phosphorus removal as needed, final clarification, seasonal chlorine contact disinfection and SO2 dechlorination with effluent discharge to the Wisconsin River. Sludge is aerobically digested, pressed to cake and either land applied or stored onsite during winter. The facility is designed to treat an average wet weather flow of 2.83 mgd and presently receives an annual average of 1.384 mgd for treatment.

	Sample Point Designation					
Sample Point Number	Discharge Flow, Units, and Averaging Period	Sample Point Location, WasteType/sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
701	0.471 mgd (9/02 – 8/03)	Representative influent samples shall be collected from the Wisconsin Dells influent force main prior to the bar screen and grit removal.				

	Sample Point Designation					
Sample Point Number	Discharge Flow, Units, and Averaging Period	Sample Point Location, WasteType/sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
702	0.913 mgd (9/02 – 8/03)	Representative influent samples shall be collected from the Lake Delton influent force main prior to the bar screen and grit removal.				
001	1.398 mgd (9/02 – 8/03)	Representative effluent samples shall be collected at the parshall flume for composite samples (including pH when not chlorinating) and from the effluent manhole for grab samples, prior to discharge to the Wisconsin River.				
002	346 dry US tons (2002)	Aerobically digested, Cake, Class B. Representative sludge samples shall be collected after the belt press, from the cake sludge storage area, prior to land application.				
101	NA	In-Plant Monitoring - Collect the mercury field blank using standard sample handling procedures.				

3 Influent - Proposed Monitoring

3.1 Sample Point Number: 701- INFLUENT - WI DELLSand 702- INFLUENT - LAKE DELTON

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
Flow Rate		MGD	Continuous	Continuous		
BOD5, Total		mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Suspended Solids, Total		mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Mercury, Total Recoverable		ng/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	See the "mercury monitoring" footnote below.	
Phosphorus, Total		mg/L	Weekly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Data to reapply for APL 07/01/2007 - 09/30/2007	

3.1.1 Changes from Previous Permit:

Quarterly mercury sampling required and influent phosphorus monitoring required for APL calculation prior to next reissuance.

3.1.2 Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

New NR106.145 monitoring requirements for WWTPs over 1 mgd actual flow.

4 Inplant - Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

4.1 Sample Point Number: 101- GENERAL PLANT

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter Limit Type Limit and Units Sample Frequency Sample Type Notes						
Mercury, Total Recoverable		ng/L	Quarterly	Blank	See the "mercury monitoring" footnote below.	

4.1.1 Changes from Previous Permit:

Hg trip blank required as part of Hg monitoring strategy

4.1.2 Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

New NR106.145 Hg monitoring requirement for WWTPs with actual flows over 1 mgd.

5 Surface Water - Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

5.1 Sample Point Number: 001- EFFLUENT

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
Flow Rate		MGD	Continuous	Continuous		
BOD5, Total	Weekly Avg	45 mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
BOD5, Total	Monthly Avg	30 mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Suspended Solids, Total	Weekly Avg	45 mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Suspended Solids, Total	Monthly Avg	30 mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Chlorine, Total Residual	Daily Max	38 ug/L	Daily	Grab	May 1 through Sept 30 See footnote 3.2.1.5 below.	
Fecal Coliform	Geometric Mean	400 #/100 ml	Weekly	Grab	May 1 through Sept 30	
pH Field	Daily Min	6.0 su	5/Week	Grab		
pH Field	Daily Max	9.0 su	5/Week	Grab		
Phosphorus, Total	Monthly Avg	1.5 mg/L	5/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Chemical TP removal mo. avg. limitation is 1.0 mg/L (>25% chemical usage	

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
					excluding side streams chemical usage)		
Copper, Total Recoverable		ug/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Jan 1, 2004 through Dec 31, 2006 Monitor Only		
Copper, Total Recoverable	Daily Max	44 ug/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Limitation effective 01/01/2007. This limit is based on the dissolved form of Cu.		
Copper, Total Recoverable	Daily Max	1.8 lbs/day	Monthly	Calculated	Limitation effective 01/01/2007. This limit is based on the dissolved form of Cu.		
Mercury, Total Recoverable		ng/L	Quarterly	Grab	Monitor Only - See "mercury monitoring" footnote below.		
Hardness, Total as CaCO ₃		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp			
Acute WET		TUa	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	April 1-June 30, 2005 October 1-Dec 31, 2006 July 1-September 30, 2007 January 1-March 31, 2008 4 tests total		
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		mg/L	2/Month	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Jan 1, 2007 - Dec 31, 2007 Monitor Only - 2 weeks between samples		
Chloride		mg/L	2/Month	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	July 1, 2007 - Dec 31, 2007 Monitor Only - 2 weeks between samples		

5.1.1 Changes from Previous Permit

Monitoring frequency for pH reduced to be similar to other parameters. Copper limit now applies due a significant increase in effluent copper concentrations from the last reissuance. Mercury monitoring will be required per rules effective November 2002. Ammonia-N and chloride monitoring required at the end of the permit term to provide data for the next reissuance.

5.1.2 Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Water Quality Based Limits and WET Requirements and Disinfection (if applicable)

Please refer to the Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBEL) memo for the detailed calculations, prepared by Nasrin Mohajerani dated September 23, 2003, for this reissuance.

Disinfection – The total residual chlorine limits were evaluated in the WQBEL memo. Recommendations include a concentration limit of 38 ug/L with a mass limit of 1.5 lb/d (max). These concentration and mass limits are based on NR 105-106, Wis. Adm. Code. UV disinfection will be installed at the upgrade so these limits will no longer apply at that time.

Chloride – Effluent concentrations (P99s) were below the calculated acute & chronic limitation, so a limit is not needed (WQBEL). The permit requires monitoring in the fourth year which will be used for the next reissuance process.

WET – WET monitoring periods based on the WET checklist and/or is brought to current standard EPA (4 acute minimum) municipal major WWTF monitoring periods for acute. Chronic monitoring not required due to receiving water flow to effluent flow >100:1 per WET guidance (WQBEL).

Mercury – actual flow >1.0 MGD on an annual basis so, influent/blank/effluent mercury monitoring will be required per rules effective November 2002.

Toxics - Toxic parameters (PPS) were reviewed in the WQBEL memo dated September 23, 2003. Copper concentrations have more than doubled from the previous reissuance which now indicates the need for a limitation. Dissolved copper limits reviewed in a memo dated October 29, 2003. The majority of the other parameters were below levels of detection (WQBEL).

Ammonia-N – Large receiving stream so ammonia-N limitations not applicable but will be reviewed when new WI ammonia criterion, policy and guidance are finalized so, monitoring will be required in the fourth year of the permit to provide data for the next reissuance. Acute limitations (daily maximum) may be applicable based on draft calculations contained in the WQBEL.

Categorical Limits

BOD and suspended solids - Limitations for both parameters are carried over from the previous permit reissuance and remain unchanged.

Phosphorus – The permit limitation remains at 1.5 mg/L for biological phosphorus removal.

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/org/water/wm/ww/mercury/mercury.htm

6 Land Application - Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

	Municipal Sludge Description							
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Dis posed (Dry Tons/Year)		
002	В	Cake	Fecal Coliform	Incorporation	Land appl.	346		

Does sludge management demonstrate compliance? Yes.

Is additional sludge storage required? No, but will be added at upgrade.

Is Radium-226 present in the water supply at a level greater than 2 pCi/liter? No data.

If yes, special monitoring and recycling conditions will be included in the permit to track any potential problems in landapplying sludge from this facility

	Municipal Sludge Description							
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Dis posed (Dry Tons/Year)		

Is a priority pollutant scan required? No.

Priority pollutant scans are required once every 10 years at facilities with design flows between 5 MGD and 40 MGD, and once every 5 years if design flow is greater than 40 MGD.

6.1 Sample Point Number: 002- SLUDGE

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
PCB Total Dry Wt	High Quality	10 mg/kg	Once	Composite	Jan 1, 2005 - Dec 31, 2005	
PCB Total Dry Wt	Ceiling	50 mg/kg	Once	Composite	Jan 1, 2005 - Dec 31, 2005	
Solids, Total		Percent	Annual	Composite		
Arsenic Dry Wt	High Quality	41 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Arsenic Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Cadmium Dry Wt	High Quality	39 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Cadmium Dry Wt	Ceiling	85 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Copper Dry Wt	High Quality	1,500 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Copper Dry Wt	Ceiling	4,300 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Lead Dry Wt	High Quality	300 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Lead Dry Wt	Ceiling	840 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Mercury Dry Wt	High Quality	17 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Mercury Dry Wt	Ceiling	57 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Molybdenum Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Nickel Dry Wt	Ceiling	420 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Nickel Dry Wt	High Quality	420 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Selenium Dry Wt	High Quality	100 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Selenium Dry Wt	Ceiling	100 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Zinc Dry Wt	High Quality	2,800 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Zinc Dry Wt	Ceiling	7,500 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		Percent	Annual	Composite		

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Nitrogen, Ammonium (NH4-N) Total		Percent	Annual	Composite			
Phosphorus, Total		Percent	Annual	Composite			
Potassium, Total Recoverable		Percent	Annual	Composite			

6.1.1 Changes from Previous Permit:

None.

6.1.2 Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Standard NR204 municipal major WWTP sludge monitoring requirements.

7 Compliance Schedules

7.1 Chemical Specific Toxic Pollutants

Required Action	Date Due
Report on Effluent Discharges: Submit a report on effluent discharges of Copper with conclusions regarding compliance. If the limits cannot be met, submit a plan of action for implementing source reduction activities as outlined in s. NR 106.06(7)(c).	01/01/2005
Action Plan: Submit an action plan for complying with the effluent limitation.	07/01/2005
Initiate Actions: Initiate actions identified in the plan.	01/01/2006
Complete Actions: Complete actions necessary to achieve compliance with the effluent limitations.	01/01/2007

7.2 Explanation of Compliance Schedules

Effluent copper limits were calculated and applied at this reissuance.

8 Special Reporting Requirements

Since the Sewerage Commission has chosen a copper limit based on the dissolved process, receiving water monitoring will be required for TR and dissolved Cu, TSS and hardness. A document titled "Guidance on Low Level Monitoring for the Dissolved-Based Metals Approach in Permits" contains the procedures for conducting this receiving water monitoring.

9 Other Comments:

Facility is in planning for a major WWTP upgrade due to growth in the tourist industry.

10 Attachments:

Substantial Compliance Determination – 10/06/2003

Categorical Limits Calculations – TP – reviewed as part of the previous reissuance

 $Water\ Quality\ Based\ Effluent\ Limits-PPS,\ Ammonia-N,\ Chlorine,\ Chloride-09/23/2003/Dissolved\ Cu\ 10/29/2003(WQBEL)$

WET Checklist Summary – 09/23/2003 (WQBEL)

Public Notice - 10/06/2003

11 Proposed Expiration Date:

December 31, 2008

Prepared By:

George Osipoff PE, Lower Wisconsin River Basin Wastewater Engineer

Date: October 6, 2003